Numb. CVII.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Thurſday, November 26. to Thurſday, December 3. 1730.

As a Nail ſticketh faſt between the Joinings of the Stones, ſo doth Sin ſtick cloſe between Buying and Selling. Apocrypha.

WE have received the two following Letters, relating to our *Gazette* of the 19th paſt. The firſt is from a *Shopkeeper*, and the other from a *Merchant*.

To the Author of the GAZETTE.

SIR,

'I Am a Shopkeeper in this City, and 'I ſuppoſe am the Perſon at whom 'ſome Reflections are aimed in one of your 'late Papers. It is an eaſy Matter for 'Gentlemen that can write, to ſay a great 'deal upon any Subject, and to cenſure 'Faults of which perhaps they are as guil-'ty as other People. I cannot help think-'ing that Paper is wrote with much Par-'tiality, and is a very unfair Repreſenta-'tion of Things. Shopkeepers are there-'in accus'd of *Lying*, as if they were the 'only Perſons culpable, without the leaſt 'Notice being taken of the general Lying 'practis'd by *Cuſtomers*. *I am ſure 'tis very ordinary at that Price*; *I have bought much better at ſuch a one's Shop for leſs Money*; 'are very common Falſites repeated on 'this Occaſion, almoſt worn threadbare; 'but ſome have even the Confidence to 'aver, *that they have bought cheaper of me*; 'when I know the Price they mention is 'leſs than the Goods coſt me. In ſhort, 'they will tell a hundred Lies to undervalue 'our Goods, and make our Demands ap-'pear extravagant: So that the Blame of 'all the Lying properly belongs to the 'Cuſtomers that come to buy; becauſe 'if the Shopkeepers ſtrain the Truth a 'little now and then, they are forc'd to 'do it in their own Defence. In hopes 'you will do us Juſtice in this Affair, I 'remain,

Your Friend and Servant,

Betty Diligent.

Mr. *Gazetteer*,

'YOU have in a late Paper very juſtly 'taken Notice of, and cenſur'd the 'too common Practice of Lying uſed by 'Shopkeepers in *ſelling* their Goods; but 'you have omitted juſt one half the Story, '*viz.* their Lying when they come to the 'Stores to *buy*. I believe they think Ly-'ing full as convenient and beneficial in '*buying* their Goods as ſelling them; for 'to my Knowledge ſome of them are moſt 'egregiouſly guilty in this Particular.

I am, Sir, Yours, &c.

Mercator.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

BARCELONA, July 16. The Harbour of this Place looks now like a Wood, there being above 40 Engliſh Merchant Ships in it, with 1 French, 7 Dutch, and about 80 Barques or Tartanes, making together 150 Sail, the Kings Ships included. This Province is on the other Hand crouded with Soldiers; and the Preparations for the Expedition to Italy are inceſſantly carried on; but the Court being ſomewhat remiſs in furniſhing the Money requiſite for this great Work, and our Credit with foreign Nations being none of the brighteſt, abundance of Neceſſaries are ſtill wanting to compleat the Equipment of the Army and the Fleet; which makes us apprehenſive they will not put to Sea ſo ſoon as the Court could wiſh.

See

Sept. 3. N. S. We are now very much puzzled in respect to the intended Expedition, and we begin to doubt its being attempted this Season; for altho' the Preparations are continued, yet it is in so heavy a Manner, that it seems to be done more for Shew, than with any real Design of putting this Affair in Execution, for the whole Business of this preceeding Week has been the Shipping off six Pieces of Cannon, with their Carriages: On a pretended Information of the Ships now here in the Transport Service, which were taken up at Cadiz and Malaga, having been unfairly measured, the Commissary has directed the Measuring them over again, and many of them are reduced several Tons, which are to allow for what they received for the last Month's Pay, above the Tonnage they are reduced to, in their next Payment. We hear from Moscow, that Count Wratslaw, Ambassador extraordinary of the Emperor, had some Days ago a private Audience of the Czarina, in which her Czarish Majesty told him, that she hoped the Emperor would give no Orders to thwart the Design which the Duke of Mecklembourg had formed to put himself into the Possession of his Dutchy; and she even added, that he should not want any Assistance she could give him if he should have Occasion for it. That Minister, who had not any Instructions on that Head, dispatched in the Evening an Express to Vienna, to acquaint his Court with what had happened in the Morning. It is reported here, that the Czarina has sent Orders to the Muscovite Troops that are on the Frontiers of Livonia, to march towards the Dutchy of Mecklembourg. It was discovered about a Fortnight ago, that a Cabal was form'd against Baron Osterman, whose Elevation gives much Jealousy to the Lords of the Court. This Minister being certainly informed that there was a Design to accuse him of Misdemeanors, and of imbezelling the publick Treasure, has offer'd to undergo an Inquiry into his Conduct in the Presence of her Czarish Majesty; but his Enemies, who have had no Proof of the Accusations they intend to lay to his Charge, and who cannot justly reproach him with any Thing but his being a Foreigner, have not thought fit to accept of his Proposal; and the Czarina has since given some of them to understand, that she is entirely satisfied with the Conduct of her Minister; and that those who continue to rail at him without any just Cause, would do well to consider that they run the Risque of being banished into Siberia.

GENOA, July 31. The Camp of the Rebels of Corsica consists at present of 20,000 Men, without reckoning the Inhabitants of 14 Villages situate in the Streights of Accia, who have declared for them, and taken an Oath of Fidelity to them. They have published a Manifesto, wherein they declare, that the Occasion of their Revolt was, because being born Free, the Republick and Senate have always kept them in Slavery, by making them pay much heavier Taxes than the rest of their Subjects. They demand, that before they enter into any Treaty of Accommodation, their antient Privileges be restored; That the extraordinary Imposts they have paid ever since the Year 1715, be suppressed; that those who have been the Cause of their Oppression, be delivered up to them; that the Country between the Rivers Liemone and Tavigniano be yielded up to them, with the Sovereignty thereof; and that all the Garrisons be drawn out of the Island. The Rebels foreseeing that the Republick might borrow foreign Troops to reduce them, they have provided themselves with Arms, and carried off the Ammunition they found in the Magazines of St. Florent, Calvi, Corso and St. Boniface: They have melted down the Bells of those Towns, and cast them into Cannon, and have thrown up a Retrenchment with Redoubts along the Coast, where they think a Descent feasible. The Guards they have posted with Artillery in several Places, are ordered to fire upon any Genoese Ships that offer to approach the Shoar. Their principal Chief is named Pampliani, and is a Gentleman who has signalized himself in foreign Service. That Officer has affixed up Papers in several Places of the Island, importing, That the Malecontents have no Design in taking Arms, to plunder and insult their oppressed Brethren, but to maintain the Liberties and Privileges of the Nation. They are indeed so careful to prevent all the Disorders, which those of their Party might commit, that they have hanged 15, who went out of the Camp to rob in the Village of Ajaccio. One of their Detachments going the other Day to possess themselves of the little Town of Allaria, the Inhabitants fired upon them to oblige them to retire; but they attacked the Place with great Vigour, took it by Scalade, and put the Garrison, and all they found in Arms, to the Sword. It is just now reported, that the Republick have assembled 6 or 7000 Men, with whom they hope to reduce them. Signor Francisco-Maria Spinola is just gone on board for St. Remo, in Quality of Commissary of the Republick, and with Instructions to prevent the Rebellion of the People there, who have already given Marks of their Discontent.

PARIS, Aug. 23. His Holiness has made a Present of 10,000 Crowns to the Chevalier de St. George, and augmented his Pension with 4000 Crowns a Year, which was before but 12,000 Crowns a Year.

VENICE, Aug. 26. Letters from Constantinople advise, that the Plague was again broke out there. They add, that Prince Thomas, now Sophy of Persia, having sent to the Porte to demand Restitution of the Places conquer'd from Persia, a Divan was holden, wherein it was resolved to declare War against that Prince; and to erect the Horse-Tail as a Signal thereof; and it was generally thought the Grand Seignior's Eldest Son would command the Army.

VIENNA,

VIENNA, Aug. 30. We have received Advice from Conſtantinople, that the Grand Signior was marched from thence to take the Field in Perſon; but that it was ſuppoſed he would ſtop at Aleppo, while his Forces endeavour to recover the Fort at Tauris: That he had drawn 36 Millions of Piaſtres out of his Coffers to carry on the War againſt Perſia; and that the Ceremony of his March out of Conſtantinople laſted from Eight in the Morning to Nine at Night.

An Expreſs from Conſtantinople has alſo brought Advice, that the Grand Seignior had ordered 16,000 Janizaries and other Troops to be tranſported to Trebizond, to join the Baſhaw of Tauris, who is threatned to be beſieged by an Army of 80 or 90,000 Perſians.

HAGUE, Sept. 1. Here has been a warm Controverſy carried on between M. *De la Chapelle* and M. *Saurin*, two Miniſters of the French Church here, about God's Order to *Samuel*, to go and anoint *David* King, 1 *Sam.* xvi. 1, 2, &c. viz. *Fill thine Horne with Oil, and I will ſend thee to Jeſſe the Bethlehemite: For I have provided me a King among his Sons. And Samuel ſaid, How can I go? If Saul hear it, he will kill me. And the Lord ſaid, Take a Heifer with thee, and ſay, I am come to ſacrifice to the Lord.* From which M. *Saurin*, argues, That there are ſome Caſes, wherein Diſſimulation is not only permitted, but ordered by God as proper and moral. M. *De la Chapelle*, with great Aſperity on his Antagoniſt's Perſon and Character, denies this Concluſion, and ſays it is to make God a Liar; and affirms, that there are two Orders in this Command, one to anoint *David*, and the other to ſacrifice. To which M. *Saurin* replies, that the Sacrifice ordered was only a Pretence, for *Samuel*'s Security, as appears plainly from the Text; and that the ſole End and Intent of his Commiſſion was to anoint *David* King. This Controverſy has gone ſo far, that a General Synod has been ſummoned thereupon, which met yeſterday; and it is thought it will end in the Silencing both the Diſputants.

Sept. 10. They write from Campen, that a Woman 103 Years of Age, who retains her Senſes well, is fallen Sick of the Small Pox there, but is likely to recover.

The Proteſtants of Hungary had lately petitioned to be exempted from keeping the Papiſts Holidays, and from aſſiſting at their Proceſſions; but it was apprehended their Petition would be rejected.

Extract of a private Letter from Paris, *dated Septemb.* 1.

Our Correſpondent in Spain aſſures us, that Mr. Keene, the Engliſh Miniſter, had ſent an Expreſs to his Court with two Sorts of Diſpatches: One was the Schedula for the South Sea Company's Ship; and the other was upon the Grand Affair of the Expedition. He adds, that the Marquis de la Paz had declared to Mr. Keene, that his Catholick Majeſty was determined not to put off the Expedition; that he flattered himſelf, his Allies, and particularly the King of Great Britain, would not abandon him in an Enterprize of ſo great Importance; and that in regard his Britannick Majeſty had Forces enow at hand, he did not doubt but they had Orders to join his Catholick Majeſty's Fleet: Laſtly, That his Catholick Majeſty deſired Mr. Keene to to inform his Court hereof.

LONDON, Auguſt 10. On Friday laſt, Nathaniel Gould of Hackney, Eſq; one of the Directors of the Bank, received a Letter, directed to him, from ſome unknown Perſons, who intimate their being Gentlemen reduced by faſt-living, and going to viſit our American Plantations, in hopes of retrieving their loſt Fortunes. Therein they required him under Penalty of imminent Danger of Life, to depoſite the Sum of 30 Pieces, under 3 Bricks, within 3 Yards of the Corner of the Wall behind Buckingham-Houſe, going to Conſtitution Hill, exactly at 10 that Night; which Money, they ſay, were to help defray their Expences thither: Some will have it that theſe reduced Gentlemen were ſo reaſonable as to demand only 10 Guineas. The Bricks were afterwards found ſituated according to Direction: But Mr. Gould (not haſtening to comply with ſo modeſt a Requeſt) next Day he received another ſtill more peremptory Summons; doubtleſs from the ſame Quarter, the Writers ſwearing if the Guineas were not ſent that very Evening they would have his Blood; concluding with *Utrum horum mavis accipe.* i. e. *Take your Choice.* Sure theſe Gentlemen are in haſte to be on their Voyage, and apprehenſive of loſing their Paſſage.

The South-Sea Company's Ship Unicorn, returning from the Whale-Fiſhery, run on the Gunfleet, and had inſtantly ſeveral Feet Water in her Hold, having beat off her Sternpoſt; ſo that there is not the leaſt Poſſibility of her being ſaved; ſhe had not caught any Fiſh.

Sept. 1. The King hunted laſt Saturday in Windſor Foreſt, and killed two Stags.

Sept. 8. Laſt Night a Committee of Council was held at the Cockpit, Whitehall, on ſome Plantation Affairs.

Sept. 10. Yeſterday the Indian Chiefs were carried from their Lodgings in King-ſtreet, Covent-Garden, to the Plantation Office at Whitehall, guarded by two Files of Muſqueteers: When they were brought up to the Lords Commiſſioners, they ſang 4 or 5 Songs in their Country Language; after which the Interpreter was ordered to let them know, that they were ſent for there to join in Peace with King George and his People; and were deſired to ſay, if they had any Thing further to offer relating to the Contract they had before entered into. Upon which the King ſtood up, and gave a large Feather he had in his Hand to the Prince, who thereupon ſpoke to the Lords Commiſſioners to this Effect:

That they were ſenſible of the good Uſage they received ſince they came here, and that they

they would uſe our People always well; that they came here like Worms out of the Earth, naked, and that we had put fine Cloaths on their Backs, (pointing to the Cloaths) and that they never ſhould forget ſuch kind Dealings, but ſhould declare the ſame to their Countrymen; and thereupon the Prince laid the Feather with a Bit of Skin upon the Table, ſaying, It ſhould be as good as the Bible to bind the Contract with King George; and ſaid alſo, that a Father ſhould not better love his Son, than they would do us: So made a Peace. The Commiſſioners then told them they ſhould have a Copy of the Contract, with the King's Seal to it; and the Governor ſhould entertain them; upon which the King got up and kiſs'd the Commiſſioners, as the Prince had done before; the other Chiefs alſo did the ſame; whereupon they ſang ſome more Songs, and then returned home.

PHILADELPHIA, *December* 3.

From Cheſter, we hear, That at the Court of Oyer and Terminer held there laſt Week, one Bourk, (mentioned ſome Months ſince in our Paper as committed for Murder) was brought on his Trial and found Guilty of Manſlaughter; and was accordingly burnt in the Hand.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred inwards.

Ship Joyce, William Ford, from Boſton.
Brigt. Keith, Stephen Hoskins, from Surinam.
----- Penſwood, Thomas Braly, from Madera.
----- Thiſtle, Thomas Glentworth, from Antigua.
Sloop Tace, Benjamin Haskins, from South Carolina.
----- Swallow, Nicholas Roach, from Cape Fear.
----- Charming Betty, William Burroughs, from Ditto.

Entred outwards.

Ship Joyce, William Ford, for South-Carolina.
Brigt. Unity, Abel Cane, for Briſtol.
Sloop Tace, Benjamin Haskins, for South-Carolina.
----- Charming Betty, William Burroughs, for Cape Fear.
----- Priſcilla and Naomi, John Hinman, for Jamaica.
----- Heſter and Jane, Robert Trail, for Ditto.

Cleared out.

Ship John Galley, John Ball, to Antigua.
Sloop Nancy, Samuel Booth, to Mountſerrat.

Prices of the following Goods, Wheat 2 s. 9 d. Flour 8 s. 6 d. Midling Bread 14 s. 6 d. Mixt ditto 12 s. 6 d. Brown ditto 11 s. Rum 2 s. 5 d. Melaſſes 17 d.

Buried in the ſeveral Burying-Grounds of this City in a Week paſt.

Church - - - - - 3. } { Baptiſts - - - - - - - - - - 0.
Quakers - - - - 0. } { Strangers { Whites - - - 0.
Presbyterians - - 0. } { { Blacks - - - 0.

*** During the three Winter Months, while the Poſt performs his Stage but once a Fortnight; This Paper will be publiſhed on Tueſdays. And as the Winter generally Occaſions a Scarcity of News in theſe Parts; and it being very little Satisfaction to the Reader to have a whole Sheet, when half of it muſt be fill'd with Trifles, or Things of ſmall Conſequence; we ſhall for the above Time publiſh it in half Sheets, which we doubt not will be equally entertaining.

++

Advertiſements.

READY Money, and a good Price for good clear white Horſe-Hair, alſo for good light or Grey Human Hair, given by *William Croſsthwaite*, Perukemaker, over againſt the Pewter-Platter in Frontſtreet, *Philadelphia*.

To be SOLD;

A TRACT of Land containing about 2500 Acres, with a good Orchard and Saw-Mill, bounding on both ſides *Glouceſter River*, (commonly called *Timber-Creek*) in *Weſt-Jerſey*, well accomodated with great Quantity of Timber, and Meadow ſufficient to make three or four Farms; the chief Part will yield good Wheat, and lies very handy to the Markets, being but 12 Miles from this City, all Water-Carriage. All which (being the Eſtate of *Abraham Porter*, deceas'd) is valued at 1200 l. but may be ſold either whole or in Parcels. Any Perſon deſirous to purchaſe, may apply *Mahlon Stacey*, *Jonathan Wright*, and *Thomas Scattergood*, in *Burlington*, Truſtees to ſaid Eſtate; or to *Iſaac Porter* at *John Sherborn*'s in this City, of whom further Account may be had. *N. B.* The Condition of Payments muſt be ſome Caſh in Hand, and the Remainder in a reaſonable Time. *Philadelphia, Nov.* 21. 1730.

ANTHONY LAMB, Mathematical Inſtrument-maker, from *London*, now living in *New-York*, near the new Dock, at the Sign of the Compaſs and Quadrant, makes and ſells all Sorts of Inſtruments for Sea or Land, as Compaſſes, Quadrants, Foreſtaffs, Nocturnals, Sectors, Protractors, all ſorts of Scales, Gauging-Rods, and Rules, in Wood, Ivory, Braſs, or Silver; alſo any other ſmall Work by Wholeſale or Retale.

Philadelphia, Decemb. 1, 1730.

ALL Perſons indebted to *Thomas Willing*, late of this City, Merchant, are deſired forthwith to ſettle their Accounts with, and pay the Ballance to *Charles Willing* and *Joſeph Shippen*, jun. or they may expect Trouble.

WHEREAS a Bill was paſs'd in a Seſſion of General Aſſembly held at *New-Caſtle*, for the Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent*, and *Suſſex* upon *Delaware*, in the Year 1723, intituled, *An Act for the Emiſſion of* 5000 l. *in Bills of Credit*, which Act will expire the 25th of *April*, 1731: And whereas another Bill was alſo paſs'd there the ſaid former Year, in a following Seſſion of Aſſembly for the ſaid Counties, intituled, *An Act for the Emiſſion of* 6000 l. *in Bills of Credit*, which will expire alſo on the 2d of *November* next following: Theſe are to deſire all Perſons who are poſſeſſed of any of the ſaid Bills, that they will take care to pay in the ſame during the Terms abovementioned, either at the reſpective Loan-Offices for the ſaid Counties (where they will be exchanged for Bills of new Currency) or otherwiſe, at their Diſcretion, within the ſaid Counties, that the ſame may be deſtroy'd in due time, according to the Tenor of the Acts aforeſaid. *Publiſhed by Order of the Aſſembly for the ſaid Counties, by* H. BROOKE, *Speaker*.

RUN away on the 17th Inſtant, from *James Armitage*, Eſq; of the County of *New-Caſtle* on *Delaware*, an Iriſh Servant Man, named *Richard Hall*, about 22 Years of Age, pretty tall and ſlender, ſtrait black Hair if not cut off, a piece cropt off one of his Ears, browniſh great Coat, cloſe-bodied Coat, Waſtecoat and Breeches, with Mohair Buttons, new Shoes full of ſmall Nails; it is ſuppoſed he hath a counterfeit Paſs with his Maſters Name to it: He took with him a little young Bay Mare, ſhod before, branded S L on the near Buttock; with a Saddle and ſnaffle Bridle with twiſted Bitts a ſmall Gun, and ſeveral other things. RUN away at the ſame time (ſuppoſed to be in Company) an Iriſh Servant Boy about 18 Years of Age, belonging to the Widow *Watſon* of the Place aforeſaid; he is ſhort and well ſett, ſhort light-colour'd curled Hair, named *Charles Levett*; has with him a whitiſh great Coat with braſs Buttons, Leather Breeches; took with him a black Horſe with a Star in the Forehead, not ſhod, branded with T on the near Shoulder, and W on the near Buttock, with a breaſted Saddle, an old Bridle, and ſeveral other things. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall have *Fifty Shillings* Reward, for each, and reaſonable Charges paid by *James Armitage*.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by *B. Franklin* and *H. Meredith*, at the *New Printing-Office* near the Market, where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper, at *Ten Shillings* a Year.